



Supplementary Figure 6. Kaplan–Meier estimates of PFS according to HBV infection status (A) before and (B) after IPTW in the SNUH sub-cohort. Propensity scores of inverse probability of treatment weighting were computed using age, sex, Ann Arbor classification, International Prognostic Index risk, germinal center B cell subtype, lactate dehydrogenase, presence of extranodal lesions, bone marrow involvement, and cirrhosis. CHB, chronic hepatitis B; HBV, hepatitis B virus; PFS, progression-free survival; SNUH, Seoul National University Hospital.