



Supplementary Figure 2. Knockout of macrophage *Atg16l1* expression decreases energy expenditure (EE) in MASH mice. (A) Body weights of HFHCD-fed or chow-fed *Atg16l1^{fl/fl}* and *Atg16l1^{ΔMφ}* mice; n=6 per group. (B, C) Average daily food intake of the *Atg16l1^{fl/fl}* and *Atg16l1^{ΔMφ}* mice fed an HFHCD or NCD; n=6 mice/group. (D, E) O_2 consumption and CO_2 production of the *Atg16l1^{fl/fl}* and *Atg16l1^{ΔMφ}* mice fed an HFHCD; n=6 mice/group. (F) Respiratory exchange ratio (RER) and (G) locomotor activity of the *Atg16l1^{fl/fl}* and *Atg16l1^{ΔMφ}* mice fed an HFHCD; n=6 mice/group. (H, I) O_2 consumption and CO_2 production of *Atg16l1^{fl/fl}* and *Atg16l1^{ΔMφ}* mice fed an NCD; n=6 mice/group. (J) RERs and (K) locomotor activities of *Atg16l1^{fl/fl}* and *Atg16l1^{ΔMφ}* mice fed a NCD; n=6 mice/group. (L) The EE of the *Atg16l1^{fl/fl}* and *Atg16l1^{ΔMφ}* mice fed an HFHCD or NCD was calculated as $(3.815+1.232 \times RER) \times VO_2 / \text{lean mass}$ (n=6). ATG16L1, autophagy-related protein 16-like 1; MASH, metabolic dysfunction-associated steatohepatitis; HFHCD, high-fat and high-cholesterol diet; EE, energy expenditure. The data are expressed as the mean±SD. * $P < 0.05$, ** $P < 0.01$ (unpaired t test or ANOVA).