Supplementary Table 10. Association of thyroid status during follow-up and risk of LRE after excluding patients without any CMRF

Variables	Univariate model		Multivariable model	
	CSHR (95% CI)	*P*-value	Adjusted CSHR (95% CI)	*P*-value
Hypothyroidism	3.51 (2.27–5.42)	<0.001	3.12 (2.01–4.84)	<0.001
Subclinical	2.86 (1.73–4.75)	<0.001	2.61 (1.57–4.34)	<0.001
Overt	7.55 (3.53–16.17)	<0.001	6.51 (3.01–14.07)	<0.001
Euthyroidism	1.00 (ref)		1.00 (ref)	
Hyperthyroidism	1.42 (0.69–2.90)	0.338	1.21 (0.59–2.47)	0.608

Analysis was by time-dependent cause-specific hazard model.
Thyroid status was defined by thyroid function test.
The multivariate model was adjusted for age, sex, body mass index, waist circumference, type 2 diabetes mellitus, hypertension, high-density lipoprotein cholesterol, low-density lipoprotein cholesterol, total cholesterol, triglyceride, alanine aminotransferase, platelets, and cirrhosis.
CI, confidence interval; CMRF, cardiometabolic risk factor; CSHR, cause-specific hazard ratio; LRE, liver-related event.